



General Chemistry (Second Quarter)

This course covers material usually taught in the second quarter of a three-quarter sequence. By default, the topics listed below are all available. However, instructors can customize the course to align with their teaching goals using *any* topics from the complete ALEKS curriculum, which covers a full course sequence.

Curriculum Show All (239 topics + 594 additional topics)

- Math and Physics (26 topics)
 - ◆ Mathematics (6 topics)
 - ◇ Integer multiplication and division
 - ◇ Simplifying a fraction
 - ◇ Equivalent fractions
 - ◇ Writing expressions using exponents
 - ◇ Evaluating expressions with exponents of zero
 - ◇ Square root of a perfect square
 - ◆ Algebra Expressions (4 topics)
 - ◇ Using distribution and combining like terms to simplify: Univariate
 - ◇ Quotient rule with negative exponents: Problem type 1
 - ◇ Power and quotient rules with positive exponents
 - ◇ Square root of a perfect square monomial
 - ◆ Linear Equations (6 topics)
 - ◇ Additive property of equality with integers
 - ◇ Multiplicative property of equality with signed fractions
 - ◇ Solving a linear equation with several occurrences of the variable: Fractional forms with monomial numerators
 - ◇ Solving a rational equation that simplifies to linear: Denominator $x+a$
 - ◇ Solving for a variable in terms of other variables using addition or subtraction with division
 - ◇ Solving for a variable in terms of other variables in a linear equation with fractions
 - ◆ Quadratic and Radical Equations (3 topics)
 - ◇ Solving a quadratic equation using the square root property: Decimal answers, basic
 - ◇ Solving a quadratic equation using the square root property: Decimal answers, advanced
 - ◇ Applying the quadratic formula: Decimal answers
 - ◆ Graphing Equations (3 topics)
 - ◇ Classifying slopes given graphs of lines
 - ◇ Graphing a line through a given point with a given slope
 - ◇ Finding slope given the graph of a line on a grid
 - ◆ Electrostatics (4 topics)
 - ◇ Understanding that opposite charges attract and like charges repel
 - ◇ Understanding net electrical charge
 - ◇ Understanding how electrostatic forces cancel
 - ◇ Sketching polarization induced by a nearby charge
- Measurement and Matter (12 topics)
 - ◆ Scientific Notation (1 topics)
 - ◇ Converting between decimal numbers and numbers written in scientific notation
 - ◆ SI Units (2 topics)
 - ◇ Knowing the value of an SI prefix as a power of 10

- ◇ Interconverting temperatures in Celsius and Kelvins
- ◆ Measurement Uncertainty (3 topics)
 - ◇ Counting significant digits
 - ◇ Counting significant digits when measurements are added or subtracted
 - ◇ Counting significant digits when measurements are multiplied or divided
- ◆ Quantitative Problem Solving (4 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting the units of the solution to a basic quantitative problem
 - ◇ Deducing the unit missing from the solution to a basic quantitative problem
 - ◇ Setting up the math for a one-step problem with unit conversion
 - ◇ Setting up the math for a two-step quantitative problem
- ◆ Chemical Elements (2 topics)
 - ◇ Recognizing element families
 - ◇ Organization of the Periodic Table
- Atoms, Ions and Molecules (5 topics)
 - ◆ Atomic Structure (2 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting the ions formed by common main-group elements
 - ◇ Counting valence electrons in a neutral atom
 - ◆ Chemical Compounds (1 topics)
 - ◇ Understanding the prefixes used in naming binary compounds
 - ◆ Ionic Compounds (2 topics)
 - ◇ Deducing the ions in a binary ionic compound from its empirical formula
 - ◇ Naming ionic compounds with common oxoanions
- Chemical Reactions (16 topics)
 - ◆ Moles and Molar Mass (1 topics)
 - ◇ Finding molar mass from chemical formulae
 - ◆ Chemical Equations (3 topics)
 - ◇ Balancing chemical equations with interfering coefficients
 - ◇ Writing a chemical equation from a molecular movie
 - ◇ Writing the net equation for a sequence of reactions
 - ◆ Reaction Stoichiometry (3 topics)
 - ◇ Using a chemical equation to find moles of product from moles of reactant
 - ◇ Solving for a reactant using a chemical equation
 - ◇ Identifying the limiting reactant in a drawing of a mixture
 - ◆ Solution Stoichiometry (2 topics)
 - ◇ Calculating molarity using solute mass
 - ◇ Using molarity to find solute mass and solution volume
 - ◆ Precipitation (2 topics)
 - ◇ Identifying the correct sketch of a compound in aqueous solution
 - ◇ Writing net ionic equations
 - ◆ Acid-Base Reactions (2 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting the products of a neutralization reaction
 - ◇ Determining the volume of base needed to titrate a given mass of acid
 - ◆ Oxidation-Reduction Reactions (2 topics)
 - ◇ Assigning oxidation numbers
 - ◇ Recognizing reduction and oxidation
 - ◆ Predicting Products (1 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting products from a general statement about reactivity
- Thermochemistry (3 topics)
 - ◆ Energy (2 topics)
 - ◇ Understanding the definitions of heat and work
 - ◇ Understanding the definition of enthalpy
 - ◆ Reaction Enthalpy (1 topics)
 - ◇ Using the general properties of reaction enthalpy

- Electronic Structure and Chemical Bonding (32 topics)
 - ◆ Quantum Mechanics (1 topics)
 - ◇ Recognizing s and p orbitals
 - ◆ Electron Configuration (3 topics)
 - ◇ Deducing n and l from a subshell label
 - ◇ Drawing a box diagram of the electron configuration of an atom
 - ◇ Writing the electron configuration of an atom using the Periodic Table
 - ◆ Electronic Properties of The Elements (6 topics)
 - ◇ Identifying s, p, d and f block elements
 - ◇ Identifying elements with a similar valence electron configuration
 - ◇ Understanding periodic trends in effective nuclear charge
 - ◇ Deducing the block of an element from an electron configuration
 - ◇ Understanding periodic trends in atomic size
 - ◇ Understanding periodic trends in atomic ionizability
 - ◆ Lewis Structures (9 topics)
 - ◇ Counting bonding and nonbonding electron pairs in a Lewis structure
 - ◇ Deciding whether a Lewis structure satisfies the octet rule
 - ◇ Writing Lewis structures for diatomic molecules
 - ◇ Predicting the single-bonded molecular compounds formed by two elements
 - ◇ Calculating formal charge
 - ◇ Writing Lewis structures for a molecule with one central atom and no octet-rule exceptions
 - ◇ Recognizing exceptions to the octet rule
 - ◇ Writing the Lewis structures for a molecule with resonance
 - ◇ Drawing Lewis structures for simple organic compounds
 - ◆ Chemical Bonds (3 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting the relative electronegativities of atoms
 - ◇ Predicting relative bond polarity
 - ◇ Predicting the relative length and energy of chemical bonds
 - ◆ Molecules (7 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting the arrangement of electron groups around the central atom of a molecule
 - ◇ Naming the shape of molecules with one central atom and no octet-rule exceptions
 - ◇ Predicting bond angles in molecules with one central atom and no octet-rule exceptions
 - ◇ Predicting bond angles in a small organic molecule
 - ◇ Predicting whether molecules are polar or nonpolar
 - ◇ Naming common chemical groups
 - ◇ Identifying common chemical groups in a Lewis structure
 - ◆ VB and MO Theory (3 topics)
 - ◇ Counting sigma and pi bonds in a small molecule
 - ◇ Identifying carbon hybridization in simple organic molecules
 - ◇ Recognizing typical LCAO molecular orbitals
- States of Matter (53 topics)
 - ◆ Gas Laws (5 topics)
 - ◇ Interconverting atmospheres and torr
 - ◇ Understanding pressure equilibrium and atmospheric pressure
 - ◇ Solving applications of Boyle's Law
 - ◇ Using the ideal equation of state
 - ◇ Interconverting molar mass and density of ideal gases
 - ◆ Mixtures and Reactions of Gases (4 topics)
 - ◇ Calculating partial pressure of a gas from a sketch
 - ◇ Calculating mole fraction in a gas mixture
 - ◇ Calculating the mass of a gas collected over water
 - ◇ Solving for a gaseous reactant
 - ◆ Kinetic Theory (4 topics)

- ◇ Understanding how average molecular kinetic energy scales with temperature
- ◇ Predicting how molecular speed distribution changes with temperature and molar mass
- ◇ Understanding how molecular collision rate scales with temperature and volume
- ◇ Using relative effusion rates to find an unknown molar mass
- ◆ Real Gases (2 topics)
 - ◇ Using thermodynamic state to order the ideality of gases
 - ◇ Identifying the origin of nonideality in a gas
- ◆ Intermolecular Forces (6 topics)
 - ◇ Identifying a molecule from its electrostatic potential map
 - ◇ Predicting the strength of intermolecular forces from an electrostatic potential map
 - ◇ Identifying hydrogen–bonding interactions between molecules
 - ◇ Identifying the intermolecular forces between atoms, ions and molecules
 - ◇ Predicting the relative strength of the dispersion force between molecules
 - ◇ Predicting the relative boiling points of pure substances
- ◆ Liquids (4 topics)
 - ◇ Identifying important physical properties of liquids
 - ◇ Understanding consequences of important physical properties of liquids
 - ◇ Relating vapor pressure to vaporization
 - ◇ Understanding the connection between vapor pressure, boiling point, and enthalpy of vaporization
- ◆ Solids (7 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting the type of solid formed by a compound
 - ◇ Predicting the relative stability of ionic crystals from a sketch
 - ◇ Predicting the relative lattice energy of binary ionic compounds
 - ◇ Drawing the unit cell of a 2D lattice
 - ◇ Counting the atoms in a unit cell
 - ◇ Recognizing and naming close–packed crystal lattices
 - ◇ Recognizing and naming lattices with cubic unit cells
- ◆ Phase Change (7 topics)
 - ◇ Using heat of fusion or vaporization to find the heat needed to melt or boil a substance
 - ◇ Using a phase diagram to predict phase at a given temperature and pressure
 - ◇ Labeling a typical simple phase diagram
 - ◇ Using a phase diagram to find a phase transition temperature or pressure
 - ◇ Sketching a described thermodynamic change on a phase diagram
 - ◇ Identifying phase transitions on a heating curve
 - ◇ Interpreting a heating curve
- ◆ Solution Composition (5 topics)
 - ◇ Calculating mass percent composition
 - ◇ Calculating molality
 - ◇ Calculating mole fraction
 - ◇ Calculating mass concentration
 - ◇ Solving applied dilution problems
- ◆ Solubility (2 topics)
 - ◇ Applying like dissolves like
 - ◇ Understanding how solubility varies with temperature and pressure
- ◆ Ideal Solutions (7 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting relative boiling point elevations and freezing point depressions
 - ◇ Using the K_f and K_b equations
 - ◇ Using the K_f and K_b equations with electrolytes
 - ◇ Using osmotic pressure to find molar mass
 - ◇ Using a solution freezing point to calculate a molar mass
 - ◇ Using Raoult's Law to calculate the vapor pressure of a component
 - ◇ Calculating ideal solution composition after a distillation
- Kinetics and Equilibrium (49 topics)

- ◆ Rates of Reaction (3 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting how reaction rate varies with pressure, concentration and temperature
 - ◇ Calculating the reaction rate of one reactant from that of another
 - ◇ Calculating average and instantaneous reaction rate from a graph of concentration versus time
- ◆ Rate Laws (11 topics)
 - ◇ Using a rate law
 - ◇ Using reactant reaction order to predict changes in initial rate
 - ◇ Deducing a rate law from initial reaction rate data
 - ◇ Calculating the change in concentration after a whole number of half-lives of a first-order reaction
 - ◇ Using a zero order integrated rate law to find concentration change
 - ◇ Using an integrated rate law for a first-order reaction
 - ◇ Using a second-order integrated rate law to find concentration change
 - ◇ Using first- and second-order integrated rate laws
 - ◇ Deducing a rate law from the change in concentration over time
 - ◇ Finding half life and rate constant from a graph of concentration versus time
 - ◇ Solving applied problems with first-order kinetics
- ◆ Activation Energy (4 topics)
 - ◇ Interpreting a reaction energy diagram
 - ◇ Relating activation energy to reaction rate
 - ◇ Drawing the reaction energy diagram of a catalyzed reaction
 - ◇ Understanding the qualitative predictions of the Arrhenius equation
- ◆ Reaction Mechanisms (8 topics)
 - ◇ Identifying the molecularity of an elementary reaction
 - ◇ Identifying intermediates in a reaction mechanism
 - ◇ Writing a plausible missing step for a simple reaction mechanism
 - ◇ Writing the rate law of an elementary reaction
 - ◇ Writing the rate law implied by a simple mechanism with an initial slow step
 - ◇ Expressing the concentration of an intermediate in terms of the concentration of reactants
 - ◇ Writing the rate law implied by a simple mechanism
 - ◇ Deducing information about reaction mechanisms from a reaction energy diagram
- ◆ Dynamic Equilibrium (4 topics)
 - ◇ Understanding that no reaction goes to 100% completion
 - ◇ Predicting relative forward and reverse rates of reaction in a dynamic equilibrium
 - ◇ Using Le Chatelier's Principle to predict the result of changing concentration
 - ◇ Using Le Chatelier's Principle to predict the result of changing temperature
- ◆ Equilibrium Constants and Expressions (7 topics)
 - ◇ Writing a concentration equilibrium constant expression
 - ◇ Writing a pressure equilibrium constant expression
 - ◇ Writing the concentration equilibrium expression for a heterogeneous equilibrium
 - ◇ Writing the pressure equilibrium expression for a heterogeneous equilibrium
 - ◇ Calculating an equilibrium constant from an equilibrium composition
 - ◇ Using an equilibrium constant to predict the direction of spontaneous reaction
 - ◇ Using the general properties of equilibrium constants
- ◆ Equilibrium Composition (7 topics)
 - ◇ Recognizing equilibrium from a sketch
 - ◇ Predicting equilibrium composition from a sketch
 - ◇ Setting up a reaction table
 - ◇ Calculating equilibrium composition from an equilibrium constant
 - ◇ Calculating an equilibrium constant from a partial equilibrium composition
 - ◇ Calculating an equilibrium composition after a prior equilibrium determines K
 - ◇ Solving problems that mix equilibrium ideas with gas laws
- ◆ Ionic Equilibria (5 topics)
 - ◇ Writing a solubility product (K_{sp}) expression

- ◇ Using K_{sp} to calculate the solubility of a compound
- ◇ Using the solubility of a compound to calculate K_{sp}
- ◇ Calculating the solubility of an ionic compound when a common ion is present
- ◇ Understanding the effect of pH on the solubility of ionic compounds
- Acids and Bases (43 topics)
 - ◆ Concepts of Acidity (11 topics)
 - ◇ Identifying acids and bases by their reaction with water
 - ◇ Understanding the difference between strong and weak acids
 - ◇ Identifying Bronsted–Lowry acids and bases
 - ◇ Identifying strong or weak acids and bases from a sketch
 - ◇ Finding the conjugate of an acid or base
 - ◇ Predicting acid or base strength from the conjugate
 - ◇ Predicting the products of the reaction of a strong acid with water
 - ◇ Predicting the reactants of a neutralization reaction
 - ◇ Predicting the qualitative acid–base properties of salts
 - ◇ Predicting the qualitative acid–base properties of metal cations
 - ◇ Identifying Lewis acids and bases in reactions
 - ◆ Acid–Base Nomenclature (4 topics)
 - ◇ Naming inorganic acids
 - ◇ Deducing the formulae of inorganic acids from their names
 - ◇ Naming acid salts
 - ◇ Recognizing common acids and bases
 - ◆ Acidity and Chemical Structure (2 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting the relative acidity of binary acids
 - ◇ Understanding the effect of induction on acidity
 - ◆ pH (8 topics)
 - ◇ Interconverting pH and hydronium ion concentration
 - ◇ Interconverting pH and pOH at 25°C
 - ◇ Interconverting hydronium and hydroxide concentration at 25°C
 - ◇ Making qualitative estimates of pH change
 - ◇ Calculating the pH of a strong acid solution
 - ◇ Calculating the pH of a strong base solution
 - ◇ Diluting a strong acid solution to a given pH
 - ◇ Preparing a strong base solution with a given pH
 - ◆ Weak Acids and Bases (11 topics)
 - ◇ Writing an acid dissociation constant expression
 - ◇ Determining the strength of acids from a sketch
 - ◇ Calculating the K_a of a weak acid from pH
 - ◇ Calculating the pH of a weak acid solution
 - ◇ Writing a base protonation constant expression
 - ◇ Calculating the pH of a weak base solution
 - ◇ Deriving K_b from K_a
 - ◇ Interconverting K_a and pKa
 - ◇ Calculating the pH of a salt solution
 - ◇ Calculating percent dissociation of a weak acid
 - ◇ Writing the dissociation reactions of a polyprotic acid
 - ◆ Acid–Base Titrations (3 topics)
 - ◇ Calculating the pH of a weak acid titrated with a strong base
 - ◇ Calculating the pH of a weak base titrated with a strong acid
 - ◇ Calculating the pH at equivalence of a titration
 - ◆ Buffers (4 topics)
 - ◇ Identifying the major species in weak acid or weak base equilibria
 - ◇ Setting up a reaction table for a pH calculation with a common ion

- ◇ Calculating the pH of a buffer
- ◇ Calculating the composition of a buffer of a given pH

- Other Topics Available(*) (594 additional topics)

- ◆ Math and Physics (94 topics)

- ◇ Signed fraction addition or subtraction: Basic
 - ◇ Signed fraction multiplication: Basic
 - ◇ Signed fraction division
 - ◇ Exponents and fractions
 - ◇ Introduction to inequalities
 - ◇ Introduction to exponents
 - ◇ Introduction to order of operations
 - ◇ Ordering numbers with positive exponents
 - ◇ Evaluating an expression with a negative exponent: Whole number base
 - ◇ Evaluating an expression with a negative exponent: Positive fraction base
 - ◇ Complex fraction without variables: Problem type 1
 - ◇ Introduction to square root multiplication
 - ◇ Absolute value of a number
 - ◇ Evaluating a quadratic expression: Integers
 - ◇ Combining like terms: Integer coefficients
 - ◇ Combining like terms in a quadratic expression
 - ◇ Distributive property: Integer coefficients
 - ◇ Introduction to the product rule of exponents
 - ◇ Product rule with positive exponents: Univariate
 - ◇ Introduction to the product rule with negative exponents
 - ◇ Introduction to the quotient rule of exponents
 - ◇ Simplifying a ratio of univariate monomials
 - ◇ Introduction to the power of a product rule of exponents
 - ◇ Rewriting an algebraic expression without a negative exponent
 - ◇ Squaring a binomial: Univariate
 - ◇ Multiplying binomials with leading coefficients greater than 1
 - ◇ Multiplying rational expressions involving multivariate monomials
 - ◇ Complex fraction involving univariate monomials
 - ◇ Writing a one-step expression for a real-world situation
 - ◇ Writing a multi-step equation for a real-world situation
 - ◇ Identifying solutions to a linear equation in one variable: Two-step equations
 - ◇ Identifying solutions to a linear equation in two variables
 - ◇ Additive property of equality with a negative coefficient
 - ◇ Solving a multi-step equation given in fractional form
 - ◇ Solving a proportion of the form $a/(x+b) = c/x$
 - ◇ Solving a word problem with two unknowns using a linear equation
 - ◇ Additive property of inequality with integers
 - ◇ Solving a two-step linear inequality: Problem type 2
 - ◇ Discriminant of a quadratic equation
 - ◇ Introduction to solving a radical equation
 - ◇ Solving a radical equation that simplifies to a linear equation: One radical, basic
 - ◇ Graphing a line given its equation in slope-intercept form: Fractional slope
 - ◇ Writing the equation of a line given the y-intercept and another point
 - ◇ Finding slope given two points on a line
 - ◇ Finding the slope and y-intercept of a line given its equation in the form $Ax + By = C$
 - ◇ Finding x- and y-intercepts given the graph of a line on a grid
 - ◇ Finding x- and y-intercepts of a line given the equation: Advanced

- ◇ Constructing a scatter plot
- ◇ Sketching the line of best fit
- ◇ Scatter plots and correlation
- ◇ Approximating the equation of a line of best fit and making predictions
- ◇ Classifying linear and nonlinear relationships from scatter plots
- ◇ Linear relationship and the correlation coefficient
- ◇ Choosing a graph to fit a narrative: Basic
- ◇ Choosing a graph to fit a narrative: Advanced
- ◇ Constructing a histogram for numerical data
- ◇ Mean of a data set
- ◇ Finding the mean of a symmetric distribution
- ◇ Population standard deviation
- ◇ Word problem involving calculations from a normal distribution
- ◇ Evaluating a logarithmic expression
- ◇ Solving an equation of the form $\log_b a = c$
- ◇ Basic properties of logarithms
- ◇ Expanding a logarithmic expression: Problem type 1
- ◇ Expanding a logarithmic expression: Problem type 2
- ◇ Writing an expression as a single logarithm
- ◇ Evaluating an exponential function with base e that models a real-world situation
- ◇ Converting between common logarithmic and exponential equations
- ◇ Converting between natural logarithmic and exponential equations
- ◇ Solving a multi-step equation involving natural logarithms
- ◇ Solving an exponential equation by using logarithms: Decimal answers, basic
- ◇ Solving an exponential equation by using natural logarithms: Decimal answers
- ◇ Graphing an exponential function and its asymptote: $f(x) = a(e)^{x-b} + c$
- ◇ Finding an angle measure of a triangle given two angles
- ◇ Finding an angle measure for a triangle with an extended side
- ◇ Finding an angle measure for a triangle sharing a side with another triangle
- ◇ Pythagorean Theorem
- ◇ Sine, cosine, and tangent ratios: Numbers for side lengths
- ◇ Using the Pythagorean Theorem to find a sine, cosine, or tangent ratio in a right triangle
- ◇ Using a trigonometric ratio to find a side length in a right triangle
- ◇ Using a trigonometric ratio to find an angle measure in a right triangle
- ◇ Solving a right triangle
- ◇ Finding the magnitude and direction of a vector given its graph
- ◇ Finding the components of a vector given its graph
- ◇ Finding the component of a vector along another vector
- ◇ Calculating gravitational potential energy
- ◇ Using conservation of energy with gravitational potential energy
- ◇ Using conservation of energy with electrostatic potential energy
- ◇ Understanding how electrostatic force scales with charge and separation
- ◇ Understanding how electrostatic potential energy scales with charge and separation
- ◇ Calculating the magnitude of an electrostatic force using Coulomb's Law
- ◇ Understanding that electrostatic forces add as vectors
- ◇ Understanding how electrostatic energy scales with charge and separation
- ◇ Calculating electrostatic energy using Coulomb's Law
- ◆ Measurement and Matter (57 topics)
 - ◇ Multiplication of a decimal by a power of ten
 - ◇ Division of a decimal by a power of ten
 - ◇ Multiplying and dividing numbers written in scientific notation
 - ◇ Calculating positive powers of scientific notation
 - ◇ Finding negative powers of scientific notation

- ◇ Knowing the dimension of common scientific units of measurement
- ◇ Understanding the purpose of SI prefixes
- ◇ Interconversion of prefixed and base SI units
- ◇ Interconversion of prefixed SI units
- ◇ Interconverting compound SI units
- ◇ Interconverting derived SI units
- ◇ Interconverting whole degree temperatures in Celsius and kelvins
- ◇ Interconverting temperatures in Celsius and Fahrenheit
- ◇ Addition and subtraction of measurements
- ◇ Simplifying unit expressions
- ◇ Multiplication and division of measurements
- ◇ One step dosage calculations
- ◇ Dosage calculations using patient weight
- ◇ Dosage rate calculations
- ◇ Rounding to a given significant digit
- ◇ Adding or subtracting and multiplying or dividing measurements
- ◇ Reading a measurement from an analog instrument
- ◇ Distinguishing accuracy and precision
- ◇ Calculating absolute and relative error
- ◇ Naming components of the scientific method
- ◇ Setting up a one–step unit conversion
- ◇ Setting up a unit reprefix conversion
- ◇ Setting up a unit conversion
- ◇ Setting up the solution to a basic quantitative problem
- ◇ Identifying errors in the solution to a basic quantitative problem
- ◇ Setting up the math for a one–step quantitative problem
- ◇ Estimating the volume in liters of a square prism object
- ◇ Finding the side length of a cube from its volume in liters
- ◇ Estimating the volume in liters of a spherical object
- ◇ Estimating the volume in liters of a cylindrical object
- ◇ Calculating volume by combining the volume of simple shapes
- ◇ Understanding the relationship between mass, volume, and density
- ◇ Calculating mass density
- ◇ Using mass density to find mass or volume
- ◇ Solving applied density problems
- ◇ Distinguishing mixtures from pure substances through physical properties
- ◇ Naming common laboratory separation techniques
- ◇ Distinguishing physical and chemical properties by a macroscopic description
- ◇ Distinguishing extensive and intensive properties
- ◇ Distinguishing elements and compounds
- ◇ Distinguishing compounds and mixtures
- ◇ Classifying substances from a sketch
- ◇ Distinguishing chemical and physical change
- ◇ Distinguishing solid, liquid and gas phases of a pure substance
- ◇ Using the Law of Constant Composition
- ◇ Using the Law of Multiple Proportions
- ◇ Names and symbols of important elements
- ◇ Reading a Periodic Table entry
- ◇ Understanding periods and groups of the Periodic Table
- ◇ Standard chemical and physical states of the elements
- ◇ Using the Periodic Table to identify similar elements
- ◇ Distinguishing a metal from a nonmetal by physical properties

◆ Atoms, Ions and Molecules (29 topics)

- ◇ Identifying the parts of an atom
- ◇ Counting the number of protons and electrons in a neutral atom
- ◇ Counting protons and electrons in atoms and atomic ions
- ◇ Finding isoprotonic atoms
- ◇ Finding isoelectronic atoms
- ◇ Isotopes
- ◇ Finding atomic mass from isotope mass and natural abundance
- ◇ Finding isotope mass or natural abundance from atomic mass
- ◇ Counting valence electrons in an atomic ion
- ◇ Drawing the Lewis dot diagram of a main group atom or common atomic ion
- ◇ Counting the electron shells in a neutral atom
- ◇ Counting the number of atoms in a formula unit
- ◇ Writing a chemical formula given a molecular model
- ◇ Writing a chemical formula given a chemical structure
- ◇ Understanding the difference between a molecular and empirical formula
- ◇ Naming binary covalent compounds
- ◇ Predicting whether a compound is ionic or molecular
- ◇ Distinguishing an ionic from a molecular compound by physical properties
- ◇ Predicting the formula of binary ionic compounds
- ◇ Naming binary ionic compounds
- ◇ Deducing the empirical formula of a binary ionic compound from its name
- ◇ Predicting ionic compounds formed by two elements
- ◇ Predicting and naming ionic compounds formed by two elements
- ◇ Identifying common polyatomic ions
- ◇ Predicting the formula of ionic compounds with common polyatomic ions
- ◇ Naming ionic compounds with common polyatomic ions
- ◇ Deducing the ions in a polyatomic ionic compound from its empirical formula
- ◇ Identifying oxoanions
- ◇ Naming hydrates
- ◆ Chemical Reactions (44 topics)
 - ◇ Using the Avogadro Number
 - ◇ Calculating and using the molar mass of elements
 - ◇ Calculating and using the molar mass of diatomic elements
 - ◇ Calculating and using the molar mass of heterodiatomc compounds
 - ◇ Finding mole ratios from chemical formulae
 - ◇ Finding chemical formulae from a mole ratio
 - ◇ Interconverting number of atoms and mass of compound
 - ◇ Finding mass percent from chemical formulae
 - ◇ Solving applied mass percent problems
 - ◇ Elemental analysis of binary compounds
 - ◇ Elemental analysis
 - ◇ Finding a molecular formula from molar mass and elemental analysis of binary compounds
 - ◇ Finding a molecular formula from molar mass and elemental analysis
 - ◇ Combustion analysis
 - ◇ Stoichiometric coefficients
 - ◇ Balancing chemical equations with noninterfering coefficients
 - ◇ Writing a chemical equation from a description of the reaction
 - ◇ Solving moles-to-moles limiting reactant problems
 - ◇ Limiting reactants
 - ◇ Understanding theoretical, actual, and percent yield
 - ◇ Theoretical yield of chemical reactions
 - ◇ Percent yield of chemical reactions
 - ◇ Reaction sequence stoichiometry

- ◇ Calculating molarity using solute moles
- ◇ Using molarity to find solute moles and solution volume
- ◇ Calculating ion molarity using solute mass
- ◇ Dilution
- ◇ Solving for a reactant in solution
- ◇ Solving limiting reactant problems in solution
- ◇ Predicting the products of dissolution
- ◇ Predicting precipitation
- ◇ Identifying acids and bases by their chemical formula
- ◇ Determining the molar mass of an acid by titration
- ◇ Standardizing a base solution by titration
- ◇ Identifying oxidizing and reducing agents
- ◇ Identifying oxidized and reduced reactants in a metal–nonmetal reaction
- ◇ Identifying oxidized and reduced reactants in a single–displacement reaction
- ◇ Predicting whether simple electrochemical reactions happen
- ◇ Solving a redox titration problem
- ◇ Identifying combination, decomposition, single and double displacement reactions
- ◇ Identifying precipitation, combustion and acid–base reactions
- ◇ Predicting the products of a combustion reaction
- ◇ Predicting the products of a single displacement reaction involving hydrogen
- ◇ Predicting the products of a gas–evolving double displacement reaction
- ◆ Thermochemistry (20 topics)
 - ◇ Understanding how kinetic energy scales with mass and speed
 - ◇ Calculating kinetic energy
 - ◇ Using conservation of energy to predict the qualitative exchange of kinetic and potential energy
 - ◇ Calculating pressure–volume work
 - ◇ Interconverting calories and joules
 - ◇ Calculating specific heat capacity
 - ◇ Using specific heat capacity to find heat
 - ◇ Using specific heat capacity to find temperature change
 - ◇ Calculating molar heat capacity
 - ◇ Solving a basic calorimetry problem
 - ◇ Finding the equilibrium temperature when substances at different temperatures mix
 - ◇ Calculating the heat of reaction from molar reaction enthalpy and the mass of a reactant
 - ◇ Calculating heat of reaction from constant–pressure calorimetry data
 - ◇ Calculating heat of reaction from bomb calorimetry data
 - ◇ Using Hess's Law to calculate net reaction enthalpy
 - ◇ Writing a standard formation reaction
 - ◇ Calculating a molar heat of reaction from formation enthalpies
 - ◇ Solving combustion thermochemistry problems
 - ◇ Calculating the heat of reaction from bond energies and Lewis structures
 - ◇ Calculating the heat of reaction from bond energies
- ◆ Electronic Structure and Chemical Bonding (41 topics)
 - ◇ Understanding the meaning of a de Broglie wavelength
 - ◇ Finding the minimum uncertainty in a position or velocity measurement
 - ◇ Interpreting the radial probability distribution of an orbital
 - ◇ Interpreting the angular probability distribution of an orbital
 - ◇ Deciding the relative energy of electron subshells
 - ◇ Deducing the allowed quantum numbers of an atomic electron
 - ◇ Calculating the capacity of electron subshells
 - ◇ Knowing the subshells of an electron shell
 - ◇ Interpreting the electron configuration of a neutral atom
 - ◇ Interpreting the electron configuration of a neutral atom in noble–gas notation

- ◇ Writing the electron configuration of a neutral atom with s and p electrons only
- ◇ Writing the electron configuration of a neutral atom with a filled d subshell
- ◇ Interpreting the electron configuration of an atom or atomic ion
- ◇ Interpreting the electron configuration of an atom or atomic ion in noble-gas notation
- ◇ Writing the electron configuration of an atom or atomic ion with s and p electrons only
- ◇ Identifying quantum mechanics errors in electron configurations
- ◇ Identifying the electron added or removed to form an ion from an s or p block atom
- ◇ Identifying the electron added or removed to form an ion
- ◇ Understanding the definitions of ionization energy and electron affinity
- ◇ Predicting the relative ionization energy of elements
- ◇ Deducing valence electron configuration from trends in successive ionization energies
- ◇ Ranking the screening efficacy of atomic orbitals
- ◇ Understanding the organization of the electromagnetic spectrum
- ◇ Interconverting the wavelength and frequency of electromagnetic radiation
- ◇ Interconverting wavelength, frequency and photon energy
- ◇ Calculating the wavelength of a spectral line from an energy diagram
- ◇ Predicting the qualitative features of a line spectrum
- ◇ Calculating the wavelength of a line in the spectrum of hydrogen
- ◇ Counting electron pairs in a Lewis structure with double or triple bonds
- ◇ Counting valence electrons in a molecule or polyatomic ion
- ◇ Predicting the compound formed by two main group elements
- ◇ Writing Lewis structures for an expanded valence shell central atom
- ◇ Predicting bond polarity
- ◇ Predicting the relative ionic character of chemical bonds
- ◇ Identifying a molecule with one central atom from its 3D shape
- ◇ Using the AXE notation to describe a molecule with a central atom
- ◇ Predicting and naming the shape of molecules with a central atom
- ◇ Predicting deviations from ideal bond angles
- ◇ Identifying hybridization in a small molecule
- ◇ Drawing the MO energy diagram for a Period 2 homodiatom
- ◇ Using the MO model to predict bond order and paramagnetism
- ◆ States of Matter (34 topics)
 - ◇ Interconverting pressure and force
 - ◇ Interconverting atmospheres and kilopascals
 - ◇ Understanding Boyle's Law
 - ◇ Using Charles's Law
 - ◇ Using the combined gas law
 - ◇ Using Avogadro's Law
 - ◇ Calculating partial pressure in a gas mixture
 - ◇ Understanding how average molecular speed scales with temperature and molar mass
 - ◇ Interpreting a graph of molecular speed distribution
 - ◇ Calculating average molecular speed
 - ◇ Understanding the origin of the van der Waals equation of state
 - ◇ Using the van der Waals equation of state
 - ◇ Identifying the important intermolecular forces in pure compounds
 - ◇ Calculating vapor pressure from boiling point and enthalpy of vaporization
 - ◇ Calculating enthalpy of vaporization from vapor pressure
 - ◇ Interpreting a Born-Haber cycle
 - ◇ Calculating key distances in the fcc unit cell
 - ◇ Calculating key distances in the bcc unit cell
 - ◇ Finding an atomic radius from an fcc or bcc lattice constant
 - ◇ Finding density from an fcc or bcc lattice constant
 - ◇ Drawing a heating curve

- ◇ Using mass percent composition to find solution volume
- ◇ Calculating volume percent composition
- ◇ Finding mass or volume from percent concentration
- ◇ Calculating ionic solution composition in equivalents
- ◇ Solving applied equivalents composition problems
- ◇ Using mass concentration to find solute mass and solution volume
- ◇ Solving applied mass concentration problems
- ◇ Calculating solubility
- ◇ Using solubility to calculate solute mass or solution volume
- ◇ Understanding conceptual components of the enthalpy of solution
- ◇ Using Henry's Law to calculate the solubility of a gas
- ◇ Predicting the relative heat of hydration of ions
- ◇ Calculating and using the van't Hoff factor for electrolytes
- ◆ Kinetics and Equilibrium (10 topics)
 - ◇ Using the Arrhenius equation to calculate k at one temperature from k at another
 - ◇ Using the Arrhenius equation to calculate E_a from k versus T data
 - ◇ Calculating an equilibrium constant from a heterogeneous equilibrium composition
 - ◇ Interconverting K_p and K_c
 - ◇ Writing an equilibrium constant for a reaction sequence
 - ◇ Using the small x approximation to solve equilibrium problems
 - ◇ Using the van't Hoff equation to predict K at a different temperature
 - ◇ Writing a complex ion formation constant expression
 - ◇ Using K_f to calculate the equilibrium molarity of a complex
 - ◇ Calculating the solubility of an ionic compound when a complex may form
- ◆ Acids and Bases (4 topics)
 - ◇ Predicting the acid–base properties of a binary oxide in water
 - ◇ Understanding connections between descriptions of weak acid dissociation
 - ◇ Calculating the pH of a dilute acid solution
 - ◇ Solving a polyprotic acid equilibrium composition problem
- ◆ Entropy and Free Energy (19 topics)
 - ◇ Calculating entropy change from reversible heat flow
 - ◇ Calculating absolute entropy using the Boltzmann hypothesis
 - ◇ Calculating entropy change using the Boltzmann hypothesis
 - ◇ Predicting qualitatively how entropy changes with temperature and volume
 - ◇ Predicting qualitatively how entropy changes with mixing and separation
 - ◇ Qualitatively predicting reaction entropy
 - ◇ Using the Second Law to predict spontaneous change
 - ◇ Calculating reaction entropy using the standard molar entropies of reactants
 - ◇ Using the general properties of Gibbs free energy
 - ◇ Calculating dG from dH and dS
 - ◇ Using the conditions of spontaneity to deduce the signs of H and S
 - ◇ Calculating standard reaction free energy from standard free energies of formation
 - ◇ Estimating a phase transition temperature from standard thermodynamic data
 - ◇ Interconverting standard Gibbs free energy and K
 - ◇ Using thermodynamic data to calculate K
 - ◇ Recognizing consistency between statements about standard Gibbs free energy
 - ◇ Using the maximum work theorem with chemical work
 - ◇ Calculating reaction free energy under nonstandard conditions
 - ◇ Using reaction free energy to predict equilibrium composition
- ◆ Electrochemistry (20 topics)
 - ◇ Writing a simple half–reaction from its description
 - ◇ Writing the half–reactions of a metal–nonmetal reaction
 - ◇ Writing the half–reactions of a single–displacement reaction

- ◇ Writing and balancing complex half-reactions in acidic solution
- ◇ Writing and balancing complex half-reactions in basic solution
- ◇ Balancing a complex redox equation in acidic or basic solution
- ◇ Writing the half-reactions of a complex redox reaction in acidic or basic solution
- ◇ Designing a galvanic cell from a single-displacement redox reaction
- ◇ Designing a galvanic cell from two half-reactions
- ◇ Analyzing a galvanic cell
- ◇ Picking a reduction or oxidation that will make a galvanic cell work
- ◇ Ranking the strength of oxidizing and reducing agents using standard reduction potentials
- ◇ Calculating standard reaction free energy from standard reduction potentials
- ◇ Recognizing consistency among equilibrium constant, free energy, and cell potential
- ◇ Using the Nernst equation to calculate nonstandard cell voltage
- ◇ Understanding concentration cells
- ◇ Using the relationship between charge, current and time
- ◇ Using the Faraday constant
- ◇ Analyzing the electrolysis of molten salt
- ◇ Calculating the mass of an electrolysis product from the applied current
- ◆ Chemistry of the Elements (51 topics)
 - ◇ Understanding main-group periodic trends in ionization energy
 - ◇ Understanding main-group periodic trends in atomic radius
 - ◇ Understanding main-group periodic trends in metallicity
 - ◇ Predicting the most positive and negative oxidation states of main-group elements
 - ◇ Predicting the common oxidation states of main-group elements
 - ◇ Predicting the hydride formed by a main-group element
 - ◇ Predicting the oxide formed by a main-group element
 - ◇ Identifying a main-block group from its general properties
 - ◇ Identifying a main-block group from an element oxide
 - ◇ Identifying a main-block group from an element halide
 - ◇ Predicting the type of bonding in a main-group element
 - ◇ Assessing the consistency of statements relating to main-group valence electron configuration
 - ◇ Predicting the products of the reaction of a Group 1A or 2A metal with water
 - ◇ Predicting the products of the reaction of a Group 1A or 2A metal with oxygen
 - ◇ Predicting the products of the reaction of elements at either end of the Periodic Table
 - ◇ Identifying Group 3A elements
 - ◇ Identifying Group 4A elements
 - ◇ Identifying Group 5A elements
 - ◇ Identifying Group 6A elements
 - ◇ Understanding the chemical formulae of interhalogens
 - ◇ Understanding how halide bond length varies down a main-block group
 - ◇ Ordering the melting points of elements at either end of the Periodic Table
 - ◇ Ranking the oxidizing power of halogens
 - ◇ Writing the electron configuration of a first transition series atom
 - ◇ Interpreting an outer electron box diagram
 - ◇ Drawing the outer electron box diagram of a transition metal cation
 - ◇ Identifying transition metal cations with a given number of d electrons
 - ◇ Deducing the number of d electrons and unpaired spins in a transition metal cation
 - ◇ Understanding the exceptional electron configurations in the first transition series
 - ◇ Understanding words that describe where transition metals lie in the Periodic Table
 - ◇ Predicting the relative atomic radius of a transition metal atom
 - ◇ Predicting the relative density of a transition metal
 - ◇ Predicting the relative melting point of a transition metal
 - ◇ Predicting the highest common oxidation state of a metal in the first transition series
 - ◇ Predicting the reaction of a transition metal with a strong acid

- ◇ Writing the formula of a metal complex from its description
- ◇ Recognizing typical metal ligands
- ◇ Determining the oxidation state of the metal in a complex ion
- ◇ Naming complex cations with one type of ligand
- ◇ Naming complex anions with one type of ligand
- ◇ Naming complex ions
- ◇ Determining the oxidation state of the metal in a coordination compound
- ◇ Naming coordination compounds
- ◇ Determining the coordination number of a metal in a complex
- ◇ Understanding the connection between geometry and coordination number of a metal complex
- ◇ Distinguishing isomers and alternate views of a metal complex
- ◇ Drawing an isomer of a metal complex
- ◇ Drawing cis and trans isomers of a metal complex
- ◇ Adding electrons to a crystal field theory energy level diagram
- ◇ Predicting color and magnetic properties from a crystal field theory energy level diagram
- ◇ Drawing a crystal field theory energy level diagram
- ◆ Nuclear Chemistry (14 topics)
 - ◇ Interpreting the symbol for a nuclide
 - ◇ Writing the symbols in a nuclear chemical equation
 - ◇ Balancing a nuclear chemical equation
 - ◇ Writing the equation for a typical radioactive decay
 - ◇ Calculating the energy change in a nuclear reaction from the mass change
 - ◇ Knowing the properties of the common types of nuclear radiation
 - ◇ Understanding the common modes of radioactive decay
 - ◇ Understanding radioactive half life
 - ◇ Interconverting amount of radioactive decay and half life
 - ◇ Calculating radioactive activity from half life
 - ◇ Using isotope ratios to radiodate
 - ◇ Using activity to radiodate
 - ◇ Knowing units of radiation dosage and exposure
 - ◇ Identifying important types of nuclear medicine procedure
- ◆ Organic Chemistry (87 topics)
 - ◇ Identifying organic compounds
 - ◇ Identifying rigid parts of an acyclic organic molecule
 - ◇ Identifying hydrophobic and hydrophilic parts of an organic molecule
 - ◇ Interpreting condensed chemical structures
 - ◇ Interpreting condensed chemical structures with benzene rings
 - ◇ Interpreting the skeletal structure of a neutral organic molecule
 - ◇ Drawing a skeletal structure from a simple condensed structure
 - ◇ Drawing a skeletal structure from a condensed structure
 - ◇ Interpreting a skeletal structure with aromatic rings
 - ◇ Recognizing different skeletal structures
 - ◇ Understanding H atoms in a skeletal structure
 - ◇ Comparing skeletal structures related by one fewer bond
 - ◇ Using wedges and dashes in skeletal structures
 - ◇ Naming normal alkanes
 - ◇ Identifying the main chain of branched alkanes
 - ◇ Naming the parent hydrocarbon of branched alkanes
 - ◇ Naming alkyl side chains
 - ◇ Identifying organic functional groups
 - ◇ Using family suffixes to name organic compounds
 - ◇ Understanding the basic descriptive vocabulary of hydrocarbons
 - ◇ Understanding the basic descriptive vocabulary of molecules with functional groups

- ◇ Numbering the main chain of branched alkanes
- ◇ Naming and drawing small alkyl substituents
- ◇ Naming and drawing alkyl and alkoxy substituents
- ◇ Identifying constitutional isomers
- ◇ Drawing the condensed structure of a constitutional isomer
- ◇ Drawing the skeletal structure of a constitutional isomer
- ◇ Identifying a chiral molecule from its condensed structure
- ◇ Identifying chiral centers in a cyclic molecule
- ◇ Drawing the mirror image of a simple organic molecule
- ◇ Identifying the enantiomer of a simple organic molecule
- ◇ Classifying organic reactions
- ◇ Recognizing organic acids and bases
- ◇ Deducing oxidation state from a Lewis structure
- ◇ Identifying oxidation and reduction in organic reactions
- ◇ Naming branched alkanes
- ◇ Using multiplying affixes in the names of branched alkanes
- ◇ Naming and drawing normal alkanes.
- ◇ Naming and drawing simple cyclic alkanes
- ◇ Naming and drawing branched alkanes
- ◇ Naming and drawing simple substituted cycloalkanes
- ◇ Naming unbranched alkenes and alkynes
- ◇ Naming alkenes and alkynes
- ◇ Naming and drawing linear alkenes with one double bond
- ◇ Identifying cis/trans isomerism in a small condensed structure
- ◇ Identifying cis/trans isomerism in a skeletal structure
- ◇ Drawing the cis or trans isomer of a small alkene
- ◇ Naming benzene derivatives
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of alkene hydrogenation
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of alkene hydration
- ◇ Naming alkyl halides
- ◇ Naming and drawing alkyl halides
- ◇ Naming alcohols
- ◇ Naming and drawing alcohols without alkyl side groups
- ◇ Naming and drawing thiols without alkyl side groups
- ◇ Naming and drawing alcohols
- ◇ Identifying primary, secondary, and tertiary alcohols
- ◇ Identifying common alcohols from a description
- ◇ Predicting the products of symmetric alcohol dehydration
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of alcohol oxidation
- ◇ Understanding the common names of simple ethers
- ◇ Understanding the common names of simple ketones
- ◇ Naming and drawing ketones
- ◇ Naming and drawing aldehydes
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of alcohol and aldehyde oxidation
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of carbonyl reduction
- ◇ Identifying and drawing hemiacetals and acetals
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of hemiacetal and acetal formation
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of acetal hydrolysis
- ◇ Understanding the common names of simple amines
- ◇ Identifying primary, secondary, and tertiary amines
- ◇ Naming and drawing primary amines without alkyl side groups
- ◇ Naming and drawing secondary and tertiary amines
- ◇ Naming aldehydes and acids

- ◇ Naming and drawing carboxylic acids
- ◇ Understanding the names of carboxylate salts
- ◇ Naming and drawing unsubstituted esters
- ◇ Identifying primary, secondary, and tertiary amides
- ◇ Naming and drawing unsubstituted amides
- ◇ Understanding common names of carboxylic acids and derivatives
- ◇ Identifying positions labeled with Greek letters in acids and derivatives
- ◇ Knowing the common names of small diacids
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of esterification
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of ester hydrolysis
- ◇ Predicting the products of ester saponification
- ◇ Predicting the reactants or products of amidation
- ◇ Predicting the products of amide hydrolysis
- ◆ Biochemistry (70 topics)
 - ◇ Understanding the descriptive vocabulary of monosaccharides
 - ◇ Drawing the Fischer projection of the enantiomer of a monosaccharide
 - ◇ Drawing the Haworth projection of an aldose from its Fischer projection
 - ◇ Drawing the Haworth projection of a ketose from its Fischer projection
 - ◇ Naming and drawing cyclic monosaccharides
 - ◇ Identifying a given carbon in a cyclic monosaccharide
 - ◇ Naming and drawing the products of aldose oxidation and reduction
 - ◇ Identifying the parts of a disaccharide
 - ◇ Knowing the names and properties of common sugars
 - ◇ Identifying common polysaccharides
 - ◇ Understanding the glycosidic links in common polysaccharides
 - ◇ Understanding the basic descriptive vocabulary of fatty acids
 - ◇ Understanding lipid number notation
 - ◇ Understanding melting points trends of fatty acids
 - ◇ Identifying the components of wax esters
 - ◇ Identifying the parts of a triacylglycerol
 - ◇ Identifying the parts of a glycerophospholipid
 - ◇ Identifying the parts of a sphingomyelin
 - ◇ Identifying molecules that could be in a cell membrane
 - ◇ Recognizing the steroid nucleus
 - ◇ Classifying lipids derived from fatty acids
 - ◇ Matching structure and function of common lipids
 - ◇ Predicting the products or reactants of triacylglycerol hydrogenation
 - ◇ Predicting the products or reactants of triacylglycerol hydrolysis or saponification
 - ◇ Recognizing alpha amino acids
 - ◇ Classifying amino acids
 - ◇ Identifying the stereochemistry of natural amino acids
 - ◇ Understanding the general acid–base properties of amino acids
 - ◇ Identifying and drawing peptide bonds
 - ◇ Describing peptides with 3–letter codes
 - ◇ Identifying specific interactions between residues in a protein
 - ◇ Predicting the location in a protein of a residue sequence
 - ◇ Naming an element of protein secondary structure from a description
 - ◇ Identifying changes at different levels of protein structure
 - ◇ Recognizing nucleotides
 - ◇ Numbering the carbons in nucleotides
 - ◇ Naming and drawing nucleosides
 - ◇ Naming and drawing nucleotides
 - ◇ Understanding the arrangement of hydrogen bonds in DNA base pairs

- ◇ Understanding the structure of nucleic acid strands
- ◇ Writing complementary DNA sequences
- ◇ Understanding that DNA replication is semiconservative
- ◇ Identifying the major types of RNA from a description
- ◇ Understanding the relationship between DNA and mRNA base sequences
- ◇ Using the genetic code
- ◇ Classifying mutations
- ◇ Predicting reactants or products of phosphorylation
- ◇ Predicting the products of phosphoester or phosphoanhydride hydrolysis
- ◇ Understanding major biochemical energy storage and release reactions
- ◇ Identifying common redox coenzymes by their roles in a reaction
- ◇ Understanding the formation and hydrolysis of acyl-CoA
- ◇ Knowing basic facts about enzymes
- ◇ Classifying enzymes
- ◇ Identifying reactants and products from an enzyme name
- ◇ Understanding basic models of competitive and noncompetitive inhibition
- ◇ Predicting the effect of temperature or pH on enzyme activity
- ◇ Understanding the biochemistry of digestion
- ◇ Knowing inputs and outputs of the citric acid cycle
- ◇ Understanding the general mechanism of oxidative phosphorylation
- ◇ Solving citric acid cycle ATP stoichiometry problems
- ◇ Knowing inputs and outputs of glycolysis
- ◇ Completing a simplified diagram of glycolysis
- ◇ Completing a simplified diagram of glucose catabolism
- ◇ Solving carbohydrate catabolic stoichiometry problems
- ◇ Knowing the steps of beta oxidation
- ◇ Predicting the product of beta oxidation activation
- ◇ Knowing inputs and outputs of beta oxidation
- ◇ Solving fatty acid catabolic stoichiometry problems
- ◇ Predicting the products of catabolic amino acid transamination
- ◇ Completing a diagram of protein catabolism

***Other Topics Available** *By default, these topics are NOT included in this course because they are usually taught in other terms. However, they can be added using the content editor in the Instructor Module.*